



6499

RADECHON

CHARGE STORAGE TUBE
 SINGLE-BEAM, BARRIER-GRID TYPE
 NON-EQUILIBRIUM WRITING CAPACITANCE-DISCHARGE READING

DATA

General:

Heater, for Unipotential Cathode:

Voltage 6.3 ac or dc volts

Current 0.6 amp

Direct Interelectrode Capacitances (Approx.):

Grid No.1 to all other electrodes 9 μuf Deflecting electrode DJ₁ to all other electrodes 13 μuf Deflecting electrode DJ₂ to all other electrodes 13 μuf Deflecting electrode DJ₃ to all other electrodes 11.5 μuf Deflecting electrode DJ₄ to all other electrodes 11.5 μuf DJ₁ to DJ₂ 3 μuf DJ₃ to DJ₄ 3 μuf Grid No.5 to backing-electrode 800 μuf Grid No.5 and backing-electrode to collector 4 μuf

Collector to all other electrodes & external cylindrical shield. See Curve

Focusing Method. Electrostatic

Deflection Method. Electrostatic

Overall Length 11-27/32" \pm 3/8"Greatest Diameter of Tube. 3.30" \pm 0.05"

Minimum Useful Storage-Surface Diameter. 2-1/4"

Mounting Position. Any except those positions where the diheptal base is up and the tube axis is at an angle of less than 60° from the vertical.

Weight (Approx.) 1 lb

Base: On large end of tube Small-Button Twentyninar 8-Pin (JETEC No. E8-19)

VIEW OF TWENTYNINAR-BASE END OF TUBE

- Pin 2 } Multiple Connec-
- Pin 6 } tions to Backing-
- Pin 10 } Electrode. Only
- Pin 14 } One Need be Used
- Pin 18 }

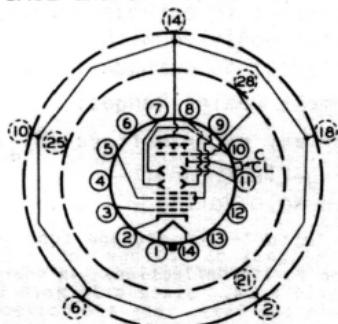
Pin 21 - No Connection

Pin 25 - No Connection

Pin 28 - Grid No.5

PINS 2, 6, 10, 14, 18: ON 1-7/8" DIA. PIN CIRCLE

PINS 21, 25, 28: ON 7/8" DIA. PIN CIRCLE

SOLID-LINE CIRCLES DEPICT DIHEPTAL BASE;
BROKEN-LINE CIRCLES DEPICT TWENTYNINAR BASE



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On small end of tube. Small-Shell Diheptal 14-Pin
(JETEC No.B14-45)

VIEW OF DIHEPTAL-BASE END OF TUBE

Pin 1 - Heater	Pin 10 - Deflecting
Pin 2 - Cathode	Electrode DJ ₂
Pin 3 - Grid No.1	Pin 11 - Deflecting
Pin 4 - Internal Connection-Do Not Use	Electrode DJ ₁
Pin 5 - Grid No.3	Pin 12 - No Connection
Pin 6 - No Connection	Pin 13 - Same as Pin 4
Pin 7 - Deflecting Electrode DJ ₄	Pin 14 - Heater
Pin 8 - Deflecting Electrode DJ ₃	C,CL - External Con- ductive Coating, Collector, In- ternal Shield,
Pin 9 - Ultor (Grids No.2 & No.4)	Flange between Neck and Large Part of Tube

All voltages are with respect to cathode unless
otherwise specified

Maximum Ratings, Absolute Values:

BACKING-ELECTRODE-TO-GRID-No.5

(BARRIER-GRID) VOLTAGE:

Backing-electrode positive with respect to grid No.5	100 max. volts
Backing-electrode negative with respect to grid No.5	100 max. volts

COLLECTOR-TO-GRID-No.5 VOLTAGE:

Positive value	100 max. volts
Negative value	0 max. volts

ULTOR^{*} VOLTAGE

GRID-No.3 VOLTAGE.

GRID-No.1 VOLTAGE:

Negative bias value.	200 max. volts
Positive bias value.	0 max. volts
Positive peak value.	2 max. volts

PEAK HEATER-CATHODE VOLTAGE:

Heater negative with respect to cathode	125 max. volts
Heater positive with respect to cathode	10 max. volts

Equipment Design Ranges:

For any ultor voltage (E_{C_4}) between 1000 and 1500 volts*

Backing-Electrode-to-
Grid-No.5 Voltage. See Note 1

- The "ultor" in a storage tube is the electrode to which is applied the highest dc voltage for accelerating the electrons in the beam prior to its deflection. In the 6499, the ultor function is performed by grid No.4. Since grid No.4 and grid No.2 are connected together within the 6499, they are collectively referred to simply as "ultor" for presenting data.

*: See next page.



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Collector-to-Grid-No.5 Voltage	0 to 50	volts
Grid-No.3 Voltage for Focus with grid- No.1 volts = 0	14% to 26% of E_{C_4}	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for collector-current cutoff	-2.5% to -4.7% of E_{C_4}	volts
Collector Current for grid-No.1 volts = 0	20 to 50	μ amp
Max. Cathode Current for grid-No.1 volts = 0	See Curve	
Deflection Factors: DJ_1 and DJ_2	85 to 105 v dc/in./kv of E_{C_4}	
DJ_3 and DJ_4	78 to 96 v dc/in./kv of E_{C_4}	
Spot Position.	See Note 2	
Signal-Uniformity Ratio.	See Note 3	

Examples of Use Design Ranges:

For ulti ^r voltage of Grid-No.3 Voltage for Focus with grid- No.1 volts = 0	1000	volts
Grid-No.1 Voltage for collector-current cutoff	140 to 260	volts
Deflection Factors: DJ_1 and DJ_2	-25 to -47	volts
DJ_3 and DJ_4	85 to 105	v dc/in.
	78 to 96	v dc/in.

Maximum Circuit Values:

Grid-No.1-Circuit Resistance	1.5 max.	megohms
Resistance in Any Deflecting- Electrode Circuit	1.0 max.	megohm

* In general, the recommended minimum ulti^r voltage should not be less than 1000 volts. Signal output and resolution decrease with decreasing ulti^r voltage. Secondary emission characteristics of the dielectric layer limit the maximum ulti^r voltage to 1500 volts.

It is recommended that all deflecting-electrode-circuit resistances be approximately equal.

Note 1: The backing-electrode, grid No.5, and ulti^r are usually operated at the same dc potential. During the writing cycle, the backing-electrode may be pulsed to ± 60 volts with respect to grid No.5.

Note 2: The undeflected focused spot will fall within a circle having a diameter equal to 10% of the minimum storage-surface diameter and having its center coincident with the center of the storage surface.

Spot position is calculated as follows: With heater voltage of 6.3 volts, ulti^r voltage of 1000 volts, grid-No.5 voltage of 1000 volts, collector voltage of 1050 volts, grid-No.3 voltage adjusted to give focus, grid-No.1 voltage adjusted for 15 microamperes peak collector current, each deflecting electrode connected through a 1-megohm resistor to ulti^r, and the tube shielded from all extraneous fields, the voltages

Note 3: See next page.

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required to displace the beam from its undeflected position to the edge of the storage surface in the direction of each deflecting electrode are recorded as a for DJ_1 , b for DJ_2 , c for DJ_3 , and d for DJ_4 .

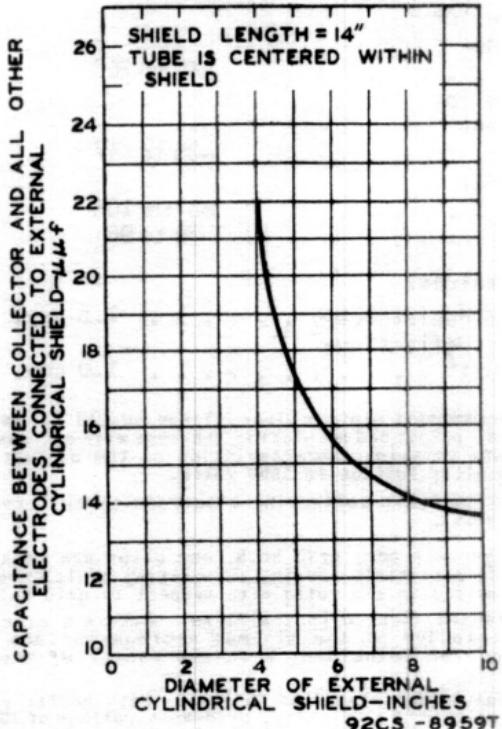
$$\text{Spot Position in } \% \text{ of Storage-Surface Diameter} \\ = 1/2 \sqrt{\left(\frac{b-a}{b+a}\right)^2 + \left(\frac{d-c}{d+c}\right)^2} \times 100$$

Note 3: With voltages as specified in Note 2, and with a signal written into storage by applying a series of well-formed symmetrical square waves to grid No. 1 such that a series of 25 equally spaced stored elements are written across a single line scan, the ratio of the maximum to minimum signal amplitude observed as the single line scan is moved across the storage surface will not exceed 1.35.

OPERATING CONSIDERATIONS

Shielding. The use of a magnetic shield of high-permeability material surrounding the tube is recommended. This shield prevents the effect of stray fields in causing unwanted deflection of the electron beam.

INDICATED CAPACITANCE VS. SHIELD DIAMETER

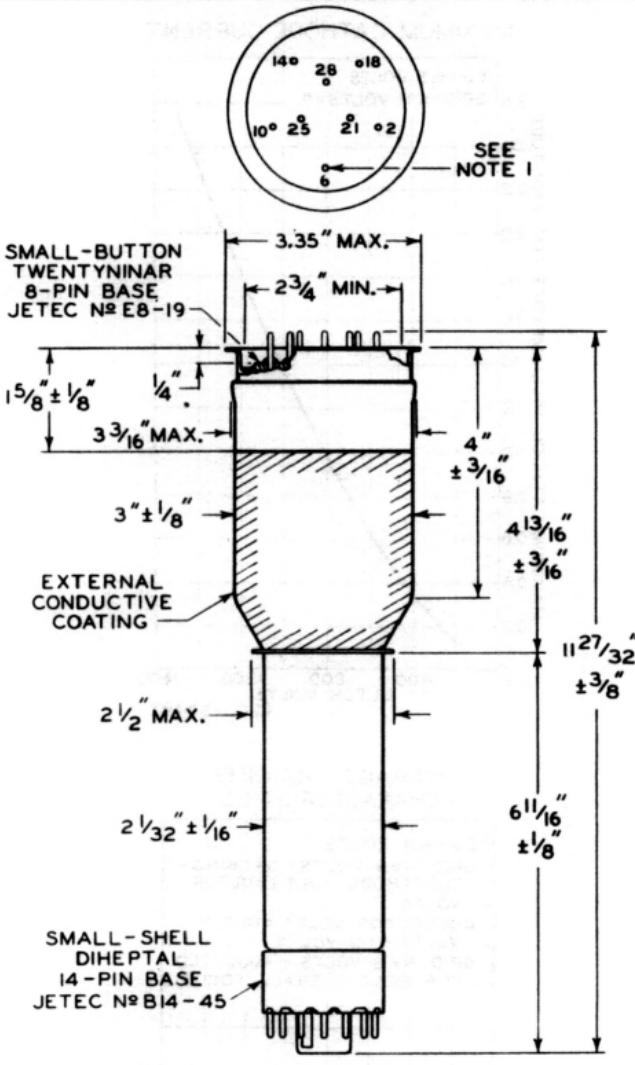


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NOTE 1: THE ANGLE BETWEEN PLANE THROUGH PIN 6 OF TWENTYNINAR BASE AND TUBE AXIS, AND PLANE THROUGH PIN 2 OF DIHEPTAL BASE AND TUBE AXIS WILL NOT EXCEED 10°. THE INDICATED PINS ARE BOTH ON THE SAME SIDE OF THE TUBE.

NOTE 2: DEFLECTING ELECTRODES DJ₁ & DJ₂ ARE NEARER THE TARGET. DEFLECTING ELECTRODES DJ₃ & DJ₄ ARE NEARER THE DIHEPTAL BASE.

NOTE 3: ANGLE BETWEEN DJ₁ & DJ₂ DEFLECTION PATH AND DJ₃ & DJ₄ DEFLECTION PATH IS 90° ± 30°.

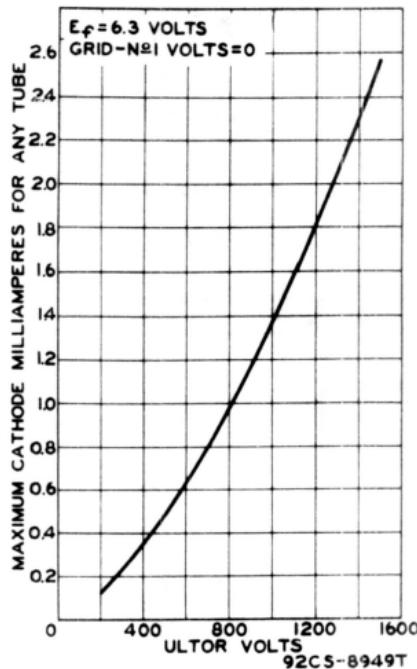
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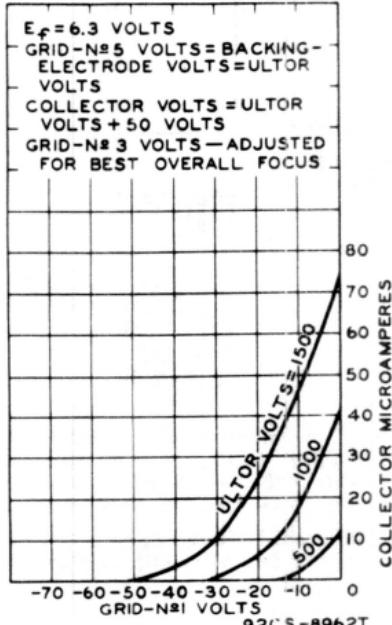
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MAXIMUM CATHODE CURRENT



AVERAGE TRANSFER CHARACTERISTICS



RESOLUTION CHARACTERISTICS

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

GRID-N^o5 VOLTS=ULTOR VOLTS=1000

COLLECTOR VOLTS=1050

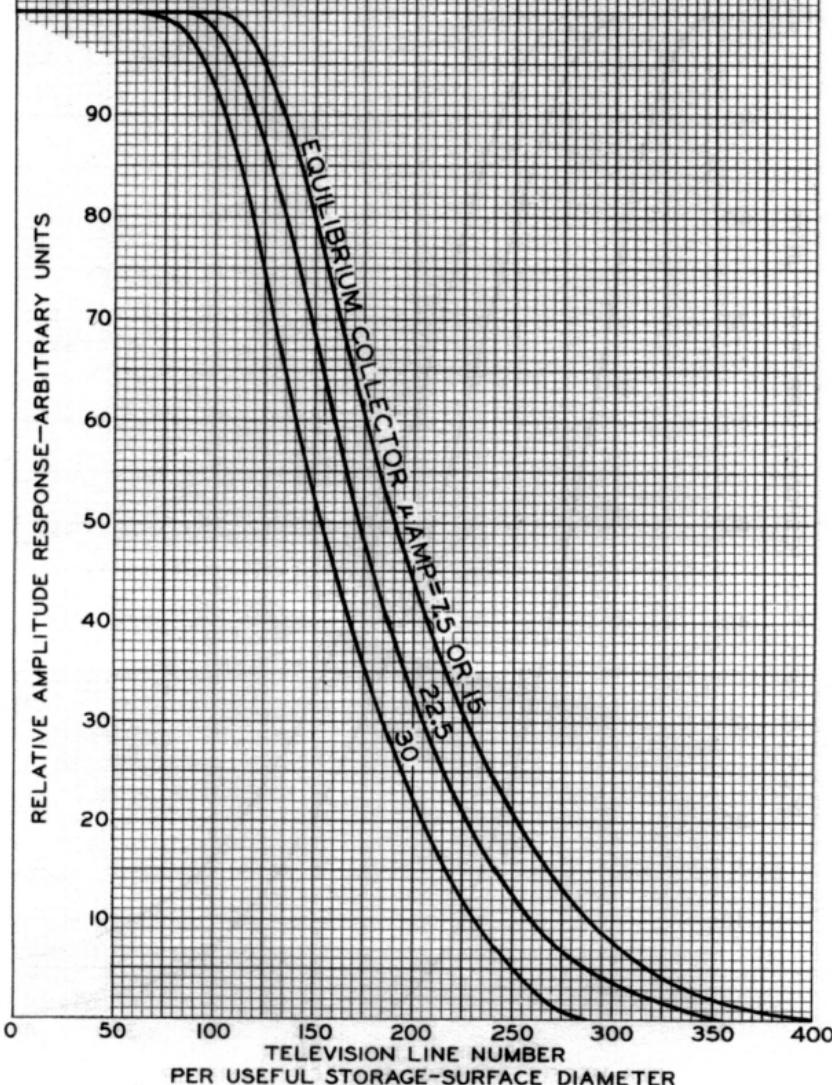
GRID-N^o3 VOLTS—ADJUSTED FOR BEST OVERALL FOCUS

GRID-N^o1 VOLTS—ADJUSTED TO GIVE EQUILIBRIUM COLLECTOR CURRENT SHOWN ON EACH CURVE

BACKING-ELECTRODE:

DURING WRITING—PULSED APPROX. 50 VOLTS POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO ULTOR

DURING READING—AT GRID-N^o5 POTENTIAL



PER USEFUL STORAGE-SURFACE DIAMETER

TUBE DIVISION

RADIO CORPORATION OF AMERICA, HARRISON, NEW JERSEY

92CM-8948

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RESOLUTION CHARACTERISTICS

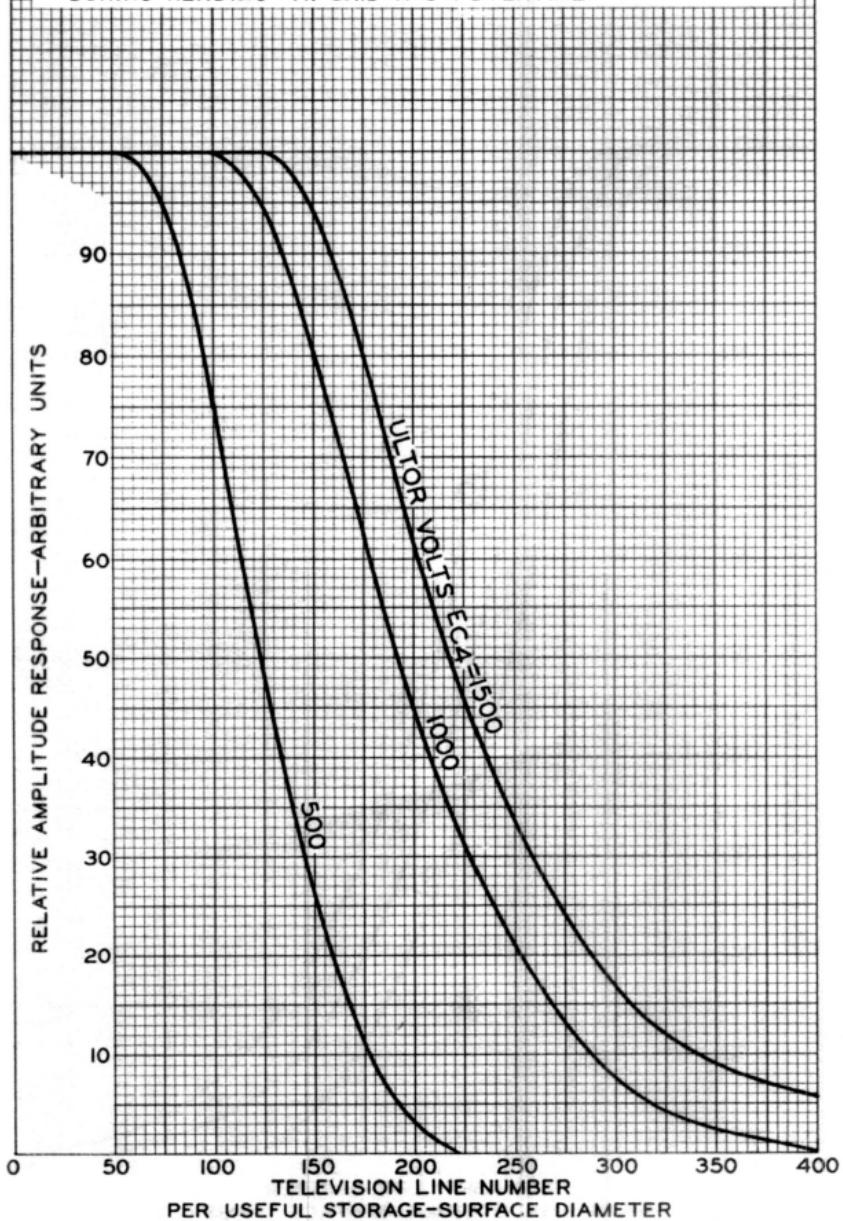
 $E_f = 6.3$ VOLTSGRID-N^o5 VOLTS=ULTOR VOLTS

COLLECTOR VOLTS=ULTOR VOLTS +50 VOLTS

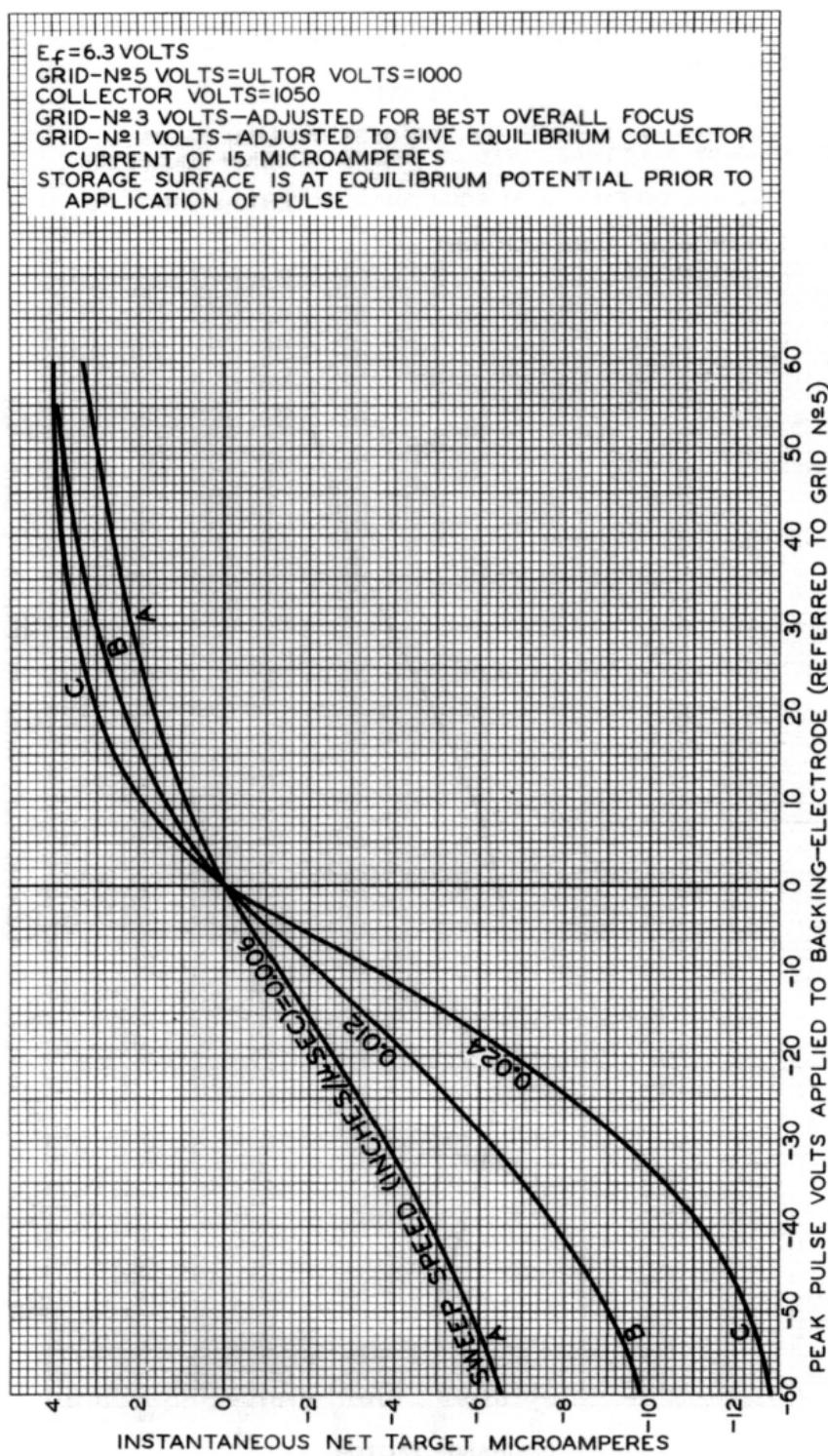
GRID-N^o3 VOLTS—ADJUSTED FOR BEST OVERALL FOCUSGRID-N^o1 VOLTS—ADJUSTED TO GIVE EQUILIBRIUM COLLECTOR CURRENT OF 7.5 MICROAMPERES

BACKING-ELECTRODE:

DURING WRITING—PULSED APPROX. 50 VOLTS POSITIVE WITH RESPECT TO ULTOR

DURING READING—AT GRID-N^o5 POTENTIAL

TYPICAL TARGET CHARACTERISTICS



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APPROXIMATE DISCHARGE-FACTOR CHARACTERISTIC

$E_f = 6.3$ VOLTS

GRID-N°5 VOLTS=ULTOR VOLTS=1000

COLLECTOR VOLTS=1050

GRID-N°3 VOLTS—ADJUSTED FOR BEST OVERALL FOCUS

GRID-N°1 VOLTS—ADJUSTED TO GIVE EQUILIBRIUM COLLECTOR CURRENT OF 15 MICROAMPERES

STORAGE SURFACE IS AT EQUILIBRIUM POTENTIAL PRIOR TO APPLICATION OF PULSE

SWEEP SPEED=0.012 INCH/ μ SEC

